## Geometry: Position and Direction

| POSITION, DIRECTION AND MOVEMENT |  |  |  |  |  |  |
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| EYFS | Year 1 | Year 2 | Year 3 | Year 4 | Year 5 | Year 6 |
| Begin to use positional language to describe how items are positioned in relation to each other | describe position, direction and movement, including half, quarter and three-quarter turns. | use mathematical vocabulary to describe position, direction and movement including movement in a straight line and distinguishing between rotation as a turn and in terms of right angles for quarter, half and threequarter turns (clockwise and anti-clockwise) |  | describe positions on a 2-D grid as coordinates in the first quadrant | identify, describe and represent the position of a shape following a reflection or translation, using the appropriate language, and know that the shape has not changed | describe positions on the full coordinate grid (all four quadrants) |
|  |  |  |  | describe movements between positions as translations of a given unit to the left/right |  | draw and translate simple shapes on the coordinate plane, and reflect them in the |
| Select and rotate shapes to fill a given space including the use of jigsaw puzzles |  |  |  | and up/down |  | axes. |
| Begin to represent places with models, drawing or maps |  |  |  | plot specified points and draw sides to complete a given polygon |  |  |
|  | PATTERN |  |  |  |  |  |
| Copy continue and create a range of patterns including an AB pattern as well as more complex patterns such as AAB |  | order and arrange combinations of mathematical objects in patterns and sequences |  |  |  |  |

